Designing Read/Write Resource-Oriented Services

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CSCI 7818 — Lecture 9 — 10/22/2008

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Credit Where Credit is Due

- Portions of this lecture are derived from material in “RESTful Web Services” by Leonard Richardson & Sam Ruby. As such, they are Copyright 2007 by O’Reilly
Agenda

• Chapter 6: Read/Write Resource Oriented Services

• Discussion of some of the Web-based discussions that I referenced on the class website

• Also presentations on Ruby on Rails and Roy Fielding’s dissertation
Last Time: Read-Only Services

• Discussed the following ROA design process
  • Figure out the data set
  • Split the data set into resources
  • For each resource
    • Name the resource with a URI
    • Expose a subset of the uniform interface
    • Design the representation accepted from the client
    • Design the representation served to the client
    • Integrate the resource with other resources using links and forms
    • Consider the typical course of events: what’s supposed to happen?
    • Consider error conditions: what might go wrong?
Last Time: URIs

• Path Variables (for discoverable resources)
  • /{planet}/[{scoping-information/][{place-name}]]

• Query Variables (for algorithmic resources)
  • http://maps.example.com/Earth?show=Springfield

• Use “/” to model hierarchy (or containment) in resources

• Use “;” or “,” in URIs when dealing with non-hierarchical scoping information
  • Use “;” when order is not important
    • http://mixer.example.com/color-blends/red;blue
  • Use “,” when order is important
    • http://map.example.com/Earth/{lat},{long}
Read/Write Resource-Oriented Services

• Same process, but now we examine full range of uniform interface operations
  • Build matrix with resource types as rows, and operations as columns
    • Indicate what operations apply to which types
    • provide example URIs and discussion of what will happen
      • especially in the case of POST and PUT
        • PUT: create or modify resource
        • POST: append content to existing resource OR append child resource to parent resource (blog entries)
  • Two questions to help
    • Will clients be creating new resources of this type?
    • Who’s in charge of determining the new resource’s URI? Client or Server? If the former, then PUT. If the latter, then POST.
New Issues: Authentication and Authorization

- Now that we are allowing a client to change stuff on our server, we need
  - Authentication: problem of tying a request to a user
  - Authorization: problem of determining which requests to let through for a given user
- HTTP provides mechanisms to enable this (HTTP Basic/Digest) and other web services roll their own (Amazon’s public/private key on subset of request)
- Another Issue: Privacy
  - Can’t transmit “private information” in the clear; need to use HTTPS
- Another Issue: Trust
  - How do you trust your client software to do the right thing?
    - Especially in today’s environment with malware becoming harder and harder to discern
Coming Up Next

• Chapter 10: ROA versus Big Web Services
  • Need more volunteers for presentations for lecture 10!
• Will start Web 2.0 portion of the course at lecture 11