

Lecture 1: Course Overview

Kenneth M. Anderson
Foundation of Software Engineering
CSCI 5828 - Spring Semester, 1999

CATECS Announcements

- In-Class Students
 - CATECS has a busy studio schedule
 - Be sure to exit promptly so next class can begin on time
 - Food and Drink are not technically allowed
 - Drinks are tolerated
 - as long as you keep the studio clean!

Live-Site Students

- Place speakerphone away from the TV
 - Make sure its pointed away from the TV
- If you have connection problems
 - hang up, wait 15 seconds, then call again
- If your speakerphone has a mute button
 - use it when not talking!

Class Participation

- I expect you to participate!
 - Questions
 - “Stupid questions” -- No such thing
 - Discussion
 - “Silent Tomb” -- Not allowed
- CATECS students
 - Live-site students (same as above)
 - Tape students (via e-mail)

The Instructor

- Ken Anderson
 - Office Hours: ECOT 523
 - Wednesdays: 2 - 3 PM (Mountain Time)
 - Fridays: 11 AM - 12 PM (Mountain Time)
 - Send me e-mail if you plan to stop by
 - E-mail
 - <kena@cs.colorado.edu>
 - Phone
 - +1.303.492.6003

The Instructor, continued

- Ken Anderson
 - Mailing Address
 - Dr. Kenneth M. Anderson
 - University of Colorado, Boulder
 - Department of Computer Science
 - ECOT 717, Campus Box 430
 - Boulder, CO 80309-0430
 - Department FAX
 - +1.303.492.2844

The Instructor, Background

- New Assistant Professor
 - Started last Semester
 - Ph.D. from University of California, Irvine
 - Research Topics
 - Open Hypermedia
 - Software Engineering
 - Software Experience
 - Three Systems ranging from 30K-60K LOC

Reflections on First Time

- First time teaching this class
 - No set syllabus
 - Topics will evolve over Semester
- First time teaching a CATECS class
 - I will need some time to get used to this format
 - So please bear with me!
- Teaching philosophy
 - “sage-on-stage” vs. “guide-at-your-side”
 - I welcome comments and questions from students!

Useful URLs

- CATECS
 - <http://www.colorado.edu/ContinuingEducation/CATECS/>
- Computer Science Department
 - <http://www.cs.colorado.edu/>
- Instructor's Homepage
 - <http://www.cs.colorado.edu/~kena/>
- Class Homepage
 - <http://www.cs.colorado.edu/~kena/classes/5828/>

About the Class Website

- You have one continuous homework assignment this semester:
 - Check the class website EVERY day
 - Preferably more than once each day
- Website will be your source for
 - Class schedule
 - Homework assignments
 - Pointers to class-related information

Prerequisites

- Background in Basic SE Concepts
 - Software Systems
 - Software Lifecycles
 - Requirements
 - Design
 - Implementation
 - Maintenance
 - Software Tools (e.g. make, rcs, etc.)

Currently-Planned Course Topics

- Basic Principles of Software Engineering
 - Essentially a review
- Fred Brooks
 - Mythical Man-Month
 - No Silver Bullet
 - 20th-year Reflections
- Formal Software Specification Techniques

Course Evaluation

- Fred Brooks Paper 20%
- Homework 40%
- Semester Project 40%
- ----- -----
- Total 100%

No Exams

General Notes on Assignments

- Electronic Submission OK
 - Postscript or PDF formats only
 - You will probably want to use paper for homework assignments, however
- CATECS requires the following information on the first page of all assignments
 - student name, course number, company name, assignment name or number
 - This will be enforced via points! :-)

Fred Brooks Paper

- 10 page paper
- Identify a theme
 - Critically evaluate it
 - Show how Brooks develops the idea and supports it
 - (If possible) relate it to your present-day work experience
- Submit paper ideas via e-mail for approval

Homework Assignments

- Format
 - Examine the SE literature in more depth
 - Practice the techniques covered in class
- Typically one-week in length
 - (CATECS students will be one week behind)
 - Some assignments may be allocated more time based on difficulty

Semester Project

- Explore a topic of the class in-depth
 - Examples
 - Investigate a specification language not covered in class
 - Specify a program's behavior with Petri-Nets
 - Build an analysis tool
 - Analyze your company's software lifecycle
 - Work will thus vary across projects
 - Effort should be equivalent to a 25 page paper
- Project proposals will be due mid-Semester
 - I will send out examples of previous projects

Course Textbooks

- Fundamentals of Software Engineering
 - by Ghezzi, Jazayeri, and Mandrioli
 - © 1991
- The Mythical Man-Month
 - 20th Anniversary Edition
 - by Fred Brooks
 - © 1975, 1995

Historical Background: 30 years

- First Software Engineering Conference
 - NATO-sponsored conference in 1968
- “Software Crisis”
 - Systems were designed by identifying the hardware first
 - Software was allocated about 1-2% of the budget
 - However, software was causing all the problems (!) and thus needed more attention

Progression of SE

- An evolution of the programming activity
 - Early stages of computing
 - User/Developer were the same person
 - Problems were well-understood
 - First programs calculated metrics about artillery shells for the Navy!
 - High level languages began to appear in the 1950s
 - Along with the profession of “programmer”

SE Progression, continued

- 1960's
 - Large Software Systems for Commercial Ventures
 - Teams of Programmers
 - Separate end-users
 - Complex Problems
 - “Software Crisis” coined as problems became apparent

The problem?

- Software is typically
 - late
 - over budget
 - faulty
 - costly to maintain
 - difficult to evolve
 - etc.

SE Progression, continued

- 1968
 - Software Engineering formed
 - Many “solutions” put forward
 - New approaches to Project Management
 - New Team Organizations
 - Better Languages and Tools
 - Organizational Standards
- And here we are 30 years later! :-)

Software Engineering

- Software
 - Computer programs and their related artifacts
 - e.g. requirements documents, design documents, test cases, specifications, protocol documents, UI guidelines, usability tests, ...
- Engineering
 - The application of scientific principles in the context of practical constraints

What is Engineering?

- Engineering is
 - a sequence of well-defined, precisely-stated, sound steps, which follow a method or apply a technique based on some combination of
 - theoretical results derived from a formal model
 - empirical adjustments for unmodeled phenomenon
 - rules of thumb based on experience
- This definition is independent of purpose...
 - i.e. engineering can be applied to many disciplines

Software Engineering (Daniel M. Berry)

- Software engineering is that form of engineering that applies:
 - a systematic, disciplined, quantifiable approach,
 - the principles of computer science, design, engineering, management, mathematics, psychology, sociology, and other disciplines,
- to creating, developing, operating, and maintaining cost-effective, reliably correct, high-quality solutions to software problems.

Software Engineering

- the study of software process, requirements and design notations, implementation strategies, and testing techniques
- the production of quality software, delivered on-time, within budget, and satisfying its users' needs
- halfway between a discipline and an art form(!)